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NO. 32.

GEORGIA AND THE U. S. SU-I PREME COURT.

State of Georgia, growing out of a case thus briefly stated in the Boston Centinel.—Kennebec Journal.

"A Cherokee Indian named Tassels residing in that part of the Cherokee Territory, which has recently been ceded to Georgia, was some months ago convicted of the murder of another Cherokee Indian. The Indian land on which the murder was committed had been annexed to Hall County, Georgia, and in 1829 an act was passed by the Georgia Legislature, extending the existing laws of Georgia over the Indian territory, as being a part of Georgia .-Under this law Tassels was tried and convicted in the Superior Court of Hall County, before Judge Clayton. At the trial a plea to the Jurisdiction was put in for the Indian, and overruled by the the interference by the Chief Justice of Judge. After the conviction, an attempt the Supreme Court of the United States was made by the council for the Indian in the administration of the criminal to set aside the judgment, on the ground laws of this State, and that such an inof want of Jurisdiction on the part of the terference is a flagrant violation of her State Court. This was soon after argued in due form before 'A CONVENTION' of the Supreme Judges of Georgia, five cy, the Governor, be, and he and every in number, WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD, other officer is hereby requested and enlate Secretary of the Treasury, being joined to disregard any and every man-Chief Justice. An elaborate opinion date and process that has been or shall of the Court, drawn up by Mr. Craw- be served upon him or them purporting ford, was given, by which the plea of the to proceed from the Chief Justice or Indian to the Jurisdiction of the Court, any associate Justice of the Supreme was overruled, and the jurisdiction of Court of the United States, for the pur-Georgia was fully sustained by the unanimous opinion of the five judges."

Judge Clayton proceeded to order the Indian for execution on the 24th December. It appears the council of the is hereby authorized and required with Indian, considering his case to be one all the force and means placed at his resting upon a treaty of the U. States, command by the Constitution and laws and in which, consequently, according of this State, to resist and repel any and to the decisions of the Supreme Court every invasion from whatever quarter of the United States, that Court has ap- upon the administration of the criminal pellate jurisdiction, sued out a writ of er- laws of this State. ror, addressed to the Superior Court of Georgia, in which the sentence had will never so far compromit her soverbeen passed, requiring the case to be eignty as an independant State, as to ratified to the Court at Washington .-The State being a party to the suit, a citation to appear and show cause was United States by the writ in question. addressed to the Govenor; upon which he sent the following message to the Legislature.

Executive Department, ? December 22, 1830.

consideration, the copy of a communication received this day, purporting to be convicted of murder in Hall county. signed by the Chief Justice of the United States, and to be a citation of the greed to-Yeas 35-Nays 7. State of Georgia to appear before the Supreme Court, on the second Monday in January next, to answer to that Advertiser justly remarks,) appear to us tribunal for having caused a person who in a high degree indecorus and undignihad committed murder within the limits fied, admitting that the party in this case ion. of the State, to be tried and convicted has no right under the constitution and

trol the State in the exercise of its or- Gilmer should have considered that a dinary jurisdiction, which in criminal cases, has been vested by the Constitution exclusively in its Superior Courts.

power which belongs to the Executive Department, orders received from the Supreme Court, for the purpose of staying, or in any manner interfering with the decisions of the Courts of the State, that the law under which he has been in the exercise of their constitutional ju- tried and convicted is not valid, because risdiction, will be disregarded; and any it is not repugnant to the Constitution, attempt to enforce such orders will be resisted with whatever force the laws have placed at my command.

If the judicial power thus attempted to be exercised by the Courts of the United States, is submitted to or sustained, it must eventuate in the utter annihilation of the State Governments, or in other consequences not less fatal to the Washington? Look at this: peace and prosperity of our present highly favoured country.

(Signed) GEORGE R. GILMER UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, ss. To the State of Georgia, Greeting.

You are hereby cited and admonished to be and appear at a Supreme Court of the United States, to be holden at Washington, on the second Monday in January next, pursuant to a writ of error, filed in the Clerk's office of the Superior Court of the State of Georgia for Hall county, in the county of Hall, wherein George Tastle, alias George Tastles, alias George Tassel, alias George Tassle, alias George Tasslle is plaintiff in error, and the said State of Georgia is defendant in error, to show ing, appeared the following paragraph: cause if any there be, why judgment rendered against said George, as in the rights upon the case, and the manner in the cause for a final decision, as before said writ of error mentioned, should not which Georgia has been cited to the be corrected, and why speedy justice bar of the Supreme Court. The time cause shall have been once remanded should not be done to the parties in that behalf.

Witness the Hon. John Marshall, Chief Justice of the said Supreme Court of the United States, this 12th day of December, in the year of our Lord 1830.

J. MARSHALL. (Signed) The Legislature referred the subject

to a committee, who reported the follow-

ing resolutions:

tion made by hi; Excellency, the Gov- of Georgia has bid to the authority of place, at the time set for it; so that the certainly he will, if the ground taken by We call the attention of our readers ernor to the General Assembly that the the Constitution and the Laws of the plaintiff will have abated the State of Georgia be maintained, and to the nullifying proceedings of the Chief Justice, of the Supreme Court of United States. "The spirit of Liberty the suit and the citation of the Chief Justhe United States has sanctioned a writ and Reform is abroad upon the earth;" tice, and the Resolutions of the Legislaof error and cited the State of Georgia, and to the reforms already effected un- ture of Georgia, as regards that particular through her Chief Magistrate, to appear der this administration, the Government case, will be equally imperative. But that, with the authority of the Supreme good order of this State in accordance with the existing laws of this State is an original and necessary part of the sovhas never parted with.

> Be it therefore resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Georgia in General Assembly met, That they view with feelings of deep regret right.

Resolved further, That his Excellenpose of arresting the execution of any of the criminal laws of this State.

And be it further Resolved, That his Exxcellency, the Governor, be, and he

Resolved, That the State of Georgia become a party to the case sought to be made before the Supreme Court of the

Resolved, That his Excellency, the Governor, be, and he is hereby authorized to communicate to the Sheriff of Hall county by express, so much of the foregoing Resolution, and such orders as I submit to the Legislature, for its are necessary to ensure the full execution of the laws in case of Geo. Tassels,

And the same being read, it was a-

This message, and the resolves of the Legislature thereon, (the Boston Daily The object of this mandate is to con- ference of the Supreme Court. Gov. sufficiently tenacious ofher rights. Vir- of the section referred to: ginia, has, heretofore submitted to a propresume, on similar principles. We Court of the United States on the ground treaties and laws of the United States .-This readiness of Georgia to set the Constitution and laws of the Union, must excite a general feeling of alarm, mingled with indignation; but what shall we say when we find Georgia ed by the official government paper at

"We congratulate the friends of State rights upon the case, and the manner in which Georgia has been cited to the bar of the Supreme Court. The time too, is auspicious. The spirit of Liberty and Reform is abroad upon the earth, and the position in which the Supreme Court is placed by the proceedings of Georgia, demonstrate the absurdity of the doctrine which contends, that that Court is clothed with supreme and absolute control over the States."

U. S. Telegraph.

[From the National Intelligencer.] In the official paper of yesterday morn-

Georgia, demonstrate the absurdity of the doctrine which contends, that that Court is clothed with supreme and absolute control over the States."-U. S. Telegraph Jan. 3.

cial Government Paper exult, in the de- U. S. Vol. II. page 65.

Whereas it appears by a communica- fiauce which the Legislature of the State | 24th ultimo, and no doubt did then take | the discharge of his sworn duty? Mos Administration.

ereignty which the State of Georgia on our situation. The Taiff has been Georgia Court has determined not to be of Georgia shows that in that State also, declared to be unconstitutional by more valid as a defence for the criminal. than one State; Internal Improvement! Whether the desence set up by this jority to the awful consequences of the cessary for us to add, that, sustain these a treaty, the individual has a right to ap- alarm? Will the body of the people of have usurped the office of appeals and United States, have expressly declared undermined by these insidious and fatal writs of error, and the Supreme Court shall have jurisdiction in such cases.† will be substituted by some tribunal of The Resolutions of the Legislature, as more summary proceeding.

the influence of better views on the sub- preme Court was maintained, had their most dangerous tendency. ject or not, if they operate upon nothing, origin in the penal laws of those States.

country with alarm and dismay. the public? An Indian condemned to objects, is supreme as to those objects. contend for such control only over the be hanged by the Georgia Court, under This principle is a part of the Constitu- judicial proceedings of the State Courts a law of the State, sued out a writ of er tion : and if there be any who deny its as is expressly vested in the Supreme ror from the Supreme Court of the Uni- necessity, none can deny its authority." Court by the Constitution. ted States, to bring the cause into that If there be any thing which is peculiarly Court, upon the ground that the law of an object of the General Government, it

* To save the reader the trouble of greater State than Georgia, and one searching for it, we here insert the whole

" [Section 25.] And be it further en-So far as concerns the exercise of the cess similar to this, in a case resting, we acted, That a final judgment or decree in any suit, in the highest court of law presume that the party in this case claims or equity of a State in the validity of a the right of appeal to the Supreme treaty or statute of, or an authority exercised under, the United States, and the decision is against their validity; or where is drawn in question the validity of a statute of, or an authority exercised under, any State, on the ground of their being repugnant to the constitution, treaties, or laws, of the United States, and the decision is in favor of such their validity, or where is drawn in question the construction of any clause of the conjustified, and the Supreme Court assail- stitution, or of a treaty, or statute of, or commission held under the United States and the decision is against the title, right privilege, or exemption, specially set up or claimed by either party, under such clause of the constitution, treaty, statute, or commission, may be examined and reversed or affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, upon a writ of error, the citation being signed by the Chief Justice, or Judge, or Chancellor, of the Court, rendering or passing the judgment or decree complained of, or by a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner and under the same regulations, and the writ shall have the same effect as if the judgment or decree complained of had been rendered or passed in a Circuit Court, and the proceeding upon the reversal shall also be the same, except that We congratulate the friends of State | the Supreme Court, instead of remanding provided, may, at their discretion, if the too is auspicious. The spirit of Liberty | before, proceed to a final decision of the and Reform is abroad upon the earth, same, and award execution. But no othand the position in which the Supreme er, error shall be assigned, or regarded Court is placed by the proceedings of as a ground of reversal, in any such case as aforesaid, than such as appears on the the United States which shall be made, face of the record, and immediately re- under the authority, of the United States spects the beforementioned questions of shall be the supreme law of the land; last Tuesday, George. R. Davis of Renvalidity or construction of the said con- and the judges in every State shall be

nited States, however, (the Collector of on at this rate." the port of New York for example,)

this jurisdiction to the Court:

cases affecting ambassadors, other pub- hard." lic ministers, and cousuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States, between a State and citizens of another State, between citizens of different States, between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States "Well, which cow did the squire take?" and between a State, or the citizens "O he took Brindle." "Lack a day, I thereof, and foreign States, citizens, or

subjects." * We subjoin this clause also.

"This Constitution, and the laws of constitution, treaties, statutes, commis- bound thereby; any thing in the Conitrary notwithstanding."

the militia refuse to march, when called out " to execute the laws of the Union."

Our fellow-citizens will see, at once, before the Supreme Court of the U- Paper rejoices that there is to be added the resolutions go farther, and say, that Court, not only the laws, but the Connited States to defend said State against that of the prostration of the Supreme the State of Georgia " will never so far stitution also, must be nullified. We said writ of error at the instance of one Court of the United States, the only safe- compromit her sovereignty as to become know that there is a portion of the peo-George Tassels recently convicted in guard of the rights and liberties of either a party to the case sought to be made ple of one State (a respectable portion of Hall Superior Court of the crime of the States or the people. This, too, before the Supreme Court of the United a respectable State,) who think that this murder. And, whereas, the right to until authentically contradicted, must be States, by the writ in question." "The process of nullification is an undeniable punish crimes against the peace and taken to be the sentiment of the present case" here alluded to, is a case involving and harmless right of the States. This the validity of the same treaties of the we had regarded as the delusion of a day, It is time. fellow citizens, that we United States which, in the case which which would soon pass away. But the come to a pause, and solemly reflect up- has actually occurred, the decision of the late proceeding on the part of the State a lamentable infatuation blinds the mahas been denounced in the same man- Indian was a valid defence, is not the doctrine which they have not only proner; the United States Bank has been question, and, one way or the other, can claimed but acted upon. We find, in assailed in the same manner; and, worst have do bearing upon it. The question addition, the confidential organ of the of all, the authority of the Judiciary is is simply whether, in a case between a Executive Government of the Union set at naught-all under the banner of State and an individual, involving the giving countenance to these Revolution-"Liberty and Reform." It is not ne- validity of a law of the United States, or ary movements. Is there not reason for doctrines, and our Government is at an peal to the Supreme Court, which the these States who are attached to the Unend. The sword and the bayonet will Constitution, as well as the Laws of the ion repose in false security, until it is doctrines, which are making rapid progress, under the seductive but delusive well as the Message of the Governor, guise of a regard for State Rights?-We should not speak of the Resolu- seem to make it a point, that the execu- Will our Sampson slumber until his locks tions of the Legislature of Georgia in this tion of the Criminal Law of the State is are shorn? Or, will not the friends of tone of alarm, if they were not seconded interfered with. But the Constitution the Union rouse themselves, and look in spirit by the Official Paper. Those makes no distinction between civil and the danger in the face? It requires resolutions, passed under the influence criminal laws-it speaks of all laws; and nothing but a general rally, we are conof strong feeling, will operate, probably, the case of Cobens vs. the State of Vir- fident, to bring a moral force into the to produce no tangible effect, and are not ginia, and that of Mr. Culloh vs. Mary- field which will utterly rout and discomirreversible. Whether reversed under land, wherein the authority of the Su- fit these heresies, of modern date but

> We have neither time nor room for all they will have only the effect of the de- It is in vain for the State of Georgia to the comment which the occasion invites. claration of an opinion. But the ap- declare that "right to punish crimes, &c. We take space enough, however, to reproval of the spirit of them by the Gov- is an original and necessary part of sove- fute the suggestion, (for it is not an asernment Paper, following as it does oth- reignty, which the State of Georgia has sertion,) of the Administration Paper, er recent demonstrations of hostility to never parted with ," for, since the es- that there is a party in this country which the Supreme Court, from the same quar- tablishment of the Constitution there is contends that the Supreme Court "is ter, is calculated to fill the mind of ev- no such thing as a Sovereign State, in- clothed with supreme and absolute conery Constitutional Republican in the dependent of the Union. We quote the trol over the States." There is no such language of the greatest lawyer of our party; and in the whole range of our What, in brief, is the case presented country, when we say, "The General knowledge such a doctrine has never by the documents now in possession of Government, though limited as to its been advanced from any quarter. We

Some years since a farmer, not a thouthe State of Georgia, under which he is the execution of Treaties, and the sand miles from this place, was applied to was condemned, was void, as being a- guaranty of their sanctity. These Trea- by a limb of the law to purchase a cowgainst laws and treaties of the United ties are the "supreme law of the land." It was agreed that the lawyer should States. The Judiciary of the United What language can be stronger than have his choice of all the farmer's cows States has jurisdiction of such cases, by that which is used to this effect in the for 20 dollars. On a day appointed the express provision of the 25th section of 2d clause of the 6th article of the Con- lawyer came to make a selection, and, the judiciary act, passed at the first or- stitution? It was not necessary, how- entering the barn yard, began to examganization of this Government.* It has ever, to insist upon this point; for the ine the cows with the air of one deeply repeatedly exercised such jurisdiction, State of Georgia has declared that she versified in cow-flesh. His cogitations and the States have yielded to its decis- will not permit herself to be brought to were soon interrupted by the entry of plead before the Supreme Court in any Hodge's wife. "What are you about The execution of the Indian was to case affecting her criminal laws. She Jethro," says she. "Why Ive' agreed laws of the United States to the inter- have taken place, we believe, on the will not suffer it to be enquired whether to let Squire Milvus have one of our her Laws do contravene Treaties made cows for 20 dollars, and he's to take his by the authority of the United States. choice." "That's a good one now, do This is the more unfortunate in the case you mean to sell that brindled cow for before us, from the circumstance that twenty dollars? What do you suppose there is no appellate jurisdiction within we should do for butter and cheese?the State; the Circuit Courts of Georgia, Why, you'r the greatest fool I ever knew as appears by the Governor's Message, -sell that cow for twenty dollars? No! having exclusive jurisdiction in all crim- No! Old Brindle shant go so, I'll set'up my authority against that," at the same Is it not obvious that, in this course, time driving into the barn an animal apon the part of the State of Georgia, the parently of Pharach's lean kine. "Now theory of Nullification is reduced to prac- Jethro," said the good dame as she retice? Suppose that any State makes it tired to the house, "dont you offer to penal to collect duties from its citizens take out that cow or sell her to anybody, under the Tariff, or any other laws of do you mind me now,-I expect you'll the United States. An officer of the U- sell yourself for a nine-pence if you go

> Milvus's thoughts now turned wholly trusting to the virtue of his commission, towards the cow in the barn. "Well goes on to collect: he is tried, condemn- | sir, what are you going to do." Why ed and sentenced to death by one of Squire, I dont know, I did'nt think you'd these State Courts, which have exclusive find that cow out -I wish wife had been jurisdiction. Is he to suffer death for in Jericho-I expect she'll make a noise if Brindle goes away." "There was a † To save trouble, again, we quote fair bargain betwixt us, I believe sir, afrom the Constitution the clause giving bout the cow." "I suppose there was, but it seems as though I ought to have "The judicial power shall extend to rather more than twenty dollars." There all cases in law and equity, arising un- were witnesses to the bargain sir, I beder this Constitution, the laws of the U. lieve you will be holden to let me have States, and treaties made, or which shall my choice at the price agreed on."___ be made, under their authority: to all Well I suppose you must, but it seems

> > Milvus's mind was so bewildered by the visions of butter and cheese that he entirely disregarded the testimony of his senses respecting his purchase and drove off Brindle with all the pleasure attendant on the consciousness of having made a good bargain. As the farmer returned to the house he was accosted by his wife, guess he'll have to buy butter now, for that cow has nt afforded a pound this whole summer."

Portland Courier.

The Legislature of New York met sellaer was elected Speaker of the House. In such terms as these, does the affi- sions, or authorities, in dispute. Laws stitution or laws of any State to the con- The Governor's Message was delivered on the same day,

LEGISLATURE OF MAINE.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 14. On motion of Mr. Ingalls the Secreta ry of State was directed to lay before the Senate the list of the amount and description of property as returned to the Secretary's office from the several towns and plantations, and all other papers relating to the valuation.

Communications were received from Ralph C. Johnson and Abijah Smith, Councillors elect, signifying their acceptance of the office. At eleven o'clock the two houses met in convention, and the said Counciliors elect came in and took the oaths required by the constitution.

On motion of Mr. Megquier, the committee on the Judiciary was instructed to inquire whether any alteration is necessary in the law relative to the attachment of personal property on mesne process.

SATURDAY, Jan. 15. Order of Notice was granted on petitions of David McKeen and others, Inhabitants of Houlton Plantation, and of Rufus Jameson and others.

The papers in relation to the State valuation were laid upon the table by the Secretary of State, and referred to the committee.

Monday, Jan. 17. Report of N. Pierce, Ageut for Mattanawcook road, read and committed.

The Senate reconsidered their vote whereby they had concurred with the House in ordering two hundred copies of the Land Agent's Report made to the Governor and Council in June last to be printed.

Sundry petitions were received and committed in concurrence with the House.

TUESDAY, Jan. 18. Mr. Kingsbery was excused from serving on the Valuation Committe, and Mr. Hinds appointed in his stead.

Petition of Edward Little and others for the preservation of Lewiston Bridge was taken from the files at the request of the House and sent down.

Order of notice was reported on petitions of Asa Soper and Inhabitants of

Two or three private Bills were introduced and had a first reading.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 19. Leave to bring in a bill was granted on petition of Edward Baker and others, Selectmen of Warren; town of Philips, and John Hanley and others.

Order of Notice was reported on pe tition of the inhabitants of Green

Leave to withdraw petition was granted to the town of Maxfield.

A message was received from the Governor communicating sundry Resolves of the Legislatures of other States, which on motion of Mr. Kingsbery were referred to the appropriate committees. HOUSE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 14. On motion of Mr Parks of Bangor, an order passed directing the Secretary of State to procure for the use of the Legislature two hundred and fifty copies of the fifth report of the Prison Discipline Society, provided the expense should not exceed twenty-five cents a copy.

Apportionment of Representatives .- An order had been previously laid on the table, providing that the committee on the apportionment of Representatives, which now consists of ten on the part of the House should be enlarged so as to in--clude two from each county, making twenty on the part of the House. Mr. Hamlin of Columbia called up this or der for consideration, and made some remarks in favor of its adoption. An animated debaie followed, which partook more of political sparring, than any debate which has occurred the present ses-

The principal combatants on this occasion were Messrs Dummer and Bonrne in favor of the passage of the order, and Messrs. Smith of Portland, and Parks of Bangor against it. The question was finally taken by yess and nays, and decided in the negative by about thirty majority.

SATURDAY, Jan 15. On motion of Mr. Parks of Bangor, it was ordered that in case of necessary absence of the Speaker, he should appoint a member to take the Chair, who should not however exercise the duties of Speaker beyond the day on which he was so appointed.

On motion of Mr. Williams of Augusta an order passed referring that part of the Governor's Message relating to the Public Buildings to a select joint committee.

Messrs. Davis of Bridgton, Hobson of Buxton, and Miller of Waldoborough, were appointed the committee on the part of the House to receive proposals for the State printing.

Petition of Thomas A. Deblois and others, proprietors of Portland Theatre. for an act of incorporation, was presented and referred to the committee on Literature and Literary Institutions.

MONDAY, Jan. 17. of Ellsworth; and Bradbury of Hollis, of James Mouroe was made the special Nov. 20th with such as the Senate may join.

cessive usury.

County.

Tuesday, Jan. 18. Mr. Ide of Frankfort was excused from serving on the committee on Interior Fisheries, and Mr. Hardy of Bucks port appointed in his stead.

White Hill Road .- On motion of Mr. Smith of Portland, an order passed instructurg the committee on the Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of request- certain parts of their former testimonying the co-operation of the States of New Hampshire and Vermont in adopting measures and making appropriations for improving the road leading from this State to the States of New Hampshire and Vermont through the Notch of the at twelve. White Hills. And that said committee be instructed to inquire what appropria tion, if any, it is expedient for this State to make in furtherence of the aforesaid

The Valuation Committee were authorised by a joint order of the Legislature to procure suitable rooms and attendants for their accommodation, and provide stationary, furniture, &c.

the committee on the Judiciary was instructed to inquire into the expediency of repealing or amending the law relating to Auditors.

Several petitions of a private nature were read and cammitted.

[Both Houses now meet at half past ten in the morning till otherwise order-

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 19. Vuluation Committee.—An order had been previously laid on the table, authorising the Valuation Committee to accept the services of any member or members of the Legislature to aid them in completing the Valuation. This order was called up for consideration. Mr. Smith of Portland moved that the order be postponed till the first day of April nextdecided in the negative. The question on passing the order was then taken by yeas and nays and decided in the affirmative, Yeas 55, Nays 32.

On motion of Mr. Hamlin of Columbia an order was passed authorising and requiring the Valuation Committee, in cases where the assessors of towns or plantations have neglected to make the returns, to ascertain the amount of taxable property in such towns or plentations according to the best information they can obtain, and to make an addition of twenty per. cent, to the same, and also to correct any imperfect or erroneous returns received.

On motion of Mr. Scamman of Pittston the committee on the Judiciary was instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law, that defendants in criminal prosecutions shall have their legal expenses re-imbursed, in cases where such defendants are not convict-

On motion of Mr. Hilton of Wiscasset, the committee on the Judiciary was instructed to inquire into the expediency of authorising Courts of Probate to grant licenses for the sale-of real estate in cas es where the Supreme Court is now au therised to grant the same.

Among the petitions presented was one from Oliver K. Barrel, praying that he may be admitted by an act of the Legislature to practice as an attorney in the Court of Common Pleas, he having the place of their greatest amusement. been employed "six years in the office of the Clerk of the Courts in this County, and spent much time in reading," &c.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, on Monday, Jan. 10 several petitions were presented and referred to appropriate committees to report on the subject of their prayer. A mong these was the petition of Mr. Joseph Nource of Washington City, praying the anjustmentt of his claims against the United States. Several petitions from this State of Pennsylvania, against all their garments are open for the disthe Indian removal, where aslo presented by Mr. Barnard and Mr. Marks .-The bill to amend the several acts heretofore passed relative to Copy right, was brought up from the House and read a first time. Judge Peck's trial was resumed at the usual hour. The dispositions of Samuel Merry, John Bent, and Edward Bates, elected members of the Missouri Legislature, were put in, and read. After which four additional witnesses were examined, which closed the paid by Mr. Clark, as Commissioner .proceedings of the day, and, it is said, at the same time the testimony on the on account of "bills for labor and conpart of the Respondent. The Court tracts performed, and materials furnished then adjourned.

disturb the Tariff. Mr. Trezvantintro- peared to remain unpaid." \$56,000 duced a resolution relative to a reduct together with \$2372,15 drawn from the tson of the duty on imported wool; but Treasury by warrant in favor of Mr. the question of consideration being promt- King, makes the amount which has been ly demanded, the House refused to con- drawn out by Mr. Clark. sider the resolution-Ayes 73, Noes 111 The Report of the Commissioners of Numerous petitions and resolutions were have been drawn from the Treasury; buttons. It appears he has been lounthe Public Buildings was received, and offered. The bill on the subject of but there are outstanding claims for \$1- ging about this town and vicinity, withreferred to a select committee consisting Post Offices was made the special or- 243,35 unpaid, and unliquidated claims of out any occupation for some time. It is of Messrs. White of Monmouth, Deane der of Thursday. The bill for the relief the superintendant for services since thought his name is Jordan, and that

On motion of Mr. Clifford of Newfield, ize the construction of three schooners, the Committee on the Judiciary was in- passed through Committee of the whole exceeds the estimate for completion. structed to inquire into the expediency on the state of the Union, and was orof modifying the law against taking ex- dered to be engrossed and read a third tion are now as followstime Tuesday. In committee, also, the On motion of Mr. Delesdernier, the bill authorizing the President to select same committee was instructed to in- a site for an Armory on the Western quire into the expediency of making val- Waters, was also acted on in committee. id certain doings of the Register of Deeds The Ayes and Noes were ordered on for the Northern Distaict of Washington the question of engrossment, but before they were called the House adjourned.

peculiar interest occurred beyond its orordinary routine of business. In Judge a controlling agency in forming or adopt-Peck's case, sundry records of Spanish grants of Land in Louisana, where put in as evidence, and several of the witnesses, already examined, were recalled and examined in further explination of This occupied the Court throughou the day, till the hour of adjournment arrived, when it is was announced that the testimony on both sides was finally concluded. The Court sits again to-day

Mr. Haynes succedeed in the House of Representatives, in getting a resolution relative to a reduction of the duty on brown sugar imported from foreign countries. Some of the friends of the Tariff being absent, the question to consider the resolution was carried by a vote of 89 to 85; although, had there been a full House, there can be no doub that the question would have been diff-On motion of Mr. Barnard of Alna, erutly decided. As soon as the resolution was before the House Mr. Haynes spoke in defence of his resolution until the expiration of the hour. The House was subsequently Occupied in committee of the Whole on the State of the Un ion, on the general appropriation Bill.

PERSIAN CUSTOMS.

TREATMENT OF WOMEN.—The luxury of the modern has several points of resemblance to that of the ancient Persians. Umbrellas, sedan-chairs, carpets for the floors, and several other conveniences and luxuries, have been transmitted to us from the ancient Persians.-Large gardens afford a solitary walk to the women of the great, whom jealousy, or conventional decorum, keeps aloof from the view of strangers. But though we are led to consider their home as their prison, such is the kindly influence known, says the Washington City Cronof habit, that the mere idea of giving even the most handsome woman more lib- the very time when the procession which erty, such as an opportunity of being contained the President of the United seen or admired, though at a respectful States and his cabinet were marching in distance, by other men than their husband, would be considered a degrading victory of the French people over their insult, pregnant with misery. Sir R. K. Porter had his curiosity gratified with a was marching another way, and that view of the anti-room, or private apart- consisted of colored human beings handment of the prince's palace at Tabriz, in which the ladies and female slaves are lodged. It is all rose colored, and occupies one side of the square. The windows are particularly splendid, their frames being subdivided into a variety of fanciful patterns, as stars, circles, spoints, they were to embark on board a slave and a thousand serpentine conclls, flowing gracefully into each other, while the separations are filled with the most brilliant stained glass of all colors and shades. Adjoining to this there is a series of elegant bathing rooms, and spacious dressing rooms, the walls of which are covered with mirror glass, and the floors laid with the richest carpets .-Within the precintes of the harem, the wives and handsome female slaves are treated with great indulgence, which is mourning friends. Our own servant with sometimes carried to an imprudent length, so that these females, by an enormous expenditure in frivolous articles of dress, often ruins the richest masters .-The Persian ladies regard the bath as They make appointments to meet there, and often pass seven or eight hours together in the carpeted saloon, telling stories, relating anecdotes, eating sweetmeats, sharing their kalioons, and completing their pretty forms into all the fancied perfections of the east; dying their hair and eyebrows, and staining their bodies with fantestic devices, and not unfrequently with the figures of trees, birds and beasts; sun, moon and stars. This is spread over the breast, as far down as the navel, to which point play of these artificial embellishments.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Mr. Clark's Report, (the Commissioner on the Public Buildings.) was read this day in the House of Representatives. An abstract we give below; but if necessary, we shall extract more here-

Fifty six thousand dollars have been Of this sum \$ 5205,49 have been paid for the Public Buildings, previous to my An attempt was made in the House to (Mr. C's) appointment, and which ap-

order for Tuesday. The bill to author. Over \$88,000 have been expended!

by both Commissioners, which already

The estimated expenses for comple-

For the outside, \$ 9,905 60 " inside, 16,726 62 " grounds, yard, &c. 15,037 30

Aggregate, \$41,66952

"However painful it may be for me to express an opinion on the subject In the Senate, on Tuesday, nothing which may seem to call in question the judgment or care of those who have had ing the plans of the buildings, and lay ing their foundations, a sense of duty to the authorities of the State and to the people, compels me to say, that the estimate expensed has warranted a belief that sufficient and ample accommodation would be afforded, not only for the number of persons, which at present constitute the Legislature, but sufficient to meet the wants of an increased representation; but, however pleasing it might have been to have anticipated this belief, I am fully satisfied, upon careful attention to the subject, that the Representative's Hall will hardly afford space for convenient seats for two hundred persons. Therefore with that number in the representation of the State, there will be no room for other persons on the floor of the Hall, and it must ill commode conventions of the two House, and the meeting of the different branches as the annual organization of the government."

> Remarks.-About the buildings there has been a woful miscalculation on the part of the first Commissioner. The whole expense, if this last estimation should prove 'correct, will be \$ 129,669, 52, and with this vast sum of money, only two hundred members can be accommodated on the lower floor-with: no con- and servants of that State, from executvenient lobies contiguous to the Hall for any temporary accommodation!

the whole subject a thorough sifting.— Court House in Portland.

Portland Advertiser.

Slave Trade in the Capital .- Let it be icle, to the citizens of America, that at triumph to the Capitol, to celebrate the oppressors, another kind of procession cuffed in pairs, and driven along by a man! on a horse. A similar scene was repeated on Saturday last; a drove consisting of males and females chained in couples, started from Roby's tavern on foot for Alexandria, where, with others, ship in waiting to convey them to the South. While we are writing a colored man enters our room, and begs us to inform him if we can point out any person who will redeem his friend now immured in Alexandria jail, in a state of distress amounting almost to distraction .-He has been a faithful servant of a revolutionary officer who recently died-has been sold at auction—parted from affectionate parents—and from decent and others, of whom we can speak in commendary terms, went down to Alexandria to bid him farewell, but they were refused admission to his cell, because, as was said, "the sight of his friends make him take on so." He bears the reputation of a pious man. It is but a few weeks since we saw a ship with her cargo of slaves in the port of Norfolk. We on passing up the river saw another ship in Alexandria, swarming with the victims of human cupidity. Such are the scenes enacted in the heart of the American nation.

Fire and Robbery.—On Tuesday night a store in Litchheld, near Purgatory mills, was burnt with all the goods it contained, valued at \$1000. A slight fall of snow had just tirminated and the track of a man was discovered in the road leading to this town. Suspicion was thereby excited that the fire was the work of an incendiary, and the footsteps were traced four or five miles .-Once or twice they diverged into the woods and then returned to the road.-The person who made them was at length found perched upon a sence, by the road side, quietly partaking of the contents of a gin bottle. He was apprehended and brought to this village for examination, and although he obstinately refuses to answer any interrogatories, and concealed his name, there is little doubt that he broke into the store and after taking what money he could find and supplying himself with the aforesaid bottle of gin he set fire to it. The fellow is about 30 years old, middling stature, sandy hair and quite decently The avails of all the appropriation clad in a suit of homespun, with bright he is a State Prison graduate.

Gardnier Chronicle

THE COMIT was observed in Newton on Friday and in this City on Monday week. It is easily seen by the naked eye a little before 6 in the morning in the S. E. but its brilliancy seems to be rapidly diminishing. Its motion is apparently retrogade or rather to the Northwest, about two degrees a day.-Yesterday (Friday) morning it was about a degree and a half N. N. W. of the star "eta Ophiachi" and its tail was towards the stars "delta" and "epsilon Serpentii;" its Right Ascension was then about 254 degrees and its Declination about 14 degrees S. but the position could not be accurately determined, as its light is too feeble to meaure its distance from a star with a reflecting instrument, and we are not in possession of any other. The comit has probably passed the perihelion and seems to have emerged very recently from the Solar rays. It is supposed that it will soon disappear.—Boston Pat.

From the Georgia Journal.

Our Indian Affairs are rapidly approaching a crisis. During the past week the Governor has received the following letter by special messenger.

Head of Coosa, Cherokee Notion ? December 19th, 1830. To his Excellency George R. Gilmer,

Governor of the State of Georgia. Sir-You will please to take notice that on Saturday the fifth day of March next, at the city of Washington in the District of Columbia, the Chcrokee Nation will, by their Counsel, move the Supreme Court of the United States, which is expected to be then and there in session, for an injunction to restrain the State of Georgia, the Governor, Attorney General, Judges, Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Deputy Sheriffs, Constables, and all the other officers, agents ing and enforcing the laws of Georgia, or any of those laws, or serving process, We hope the Legislature will give or doing any thing towards the enforcement of those laws within the Cherokee Our new Capitol will, with difficulty Territory, as designed by treaty between accommodate more members than the the United States and the Cherokee Nation: The motion will be made on the grounds set forth in the bill, a copy of which will be handed to you with this notice, which bill will be supported by the necessary affidavits and documents. JOHN ROSS.

Principal Chief of the Cherokee Nation. The bill referred to in the letter, consists of nine closely printed foolscap pages, and is endorsed thus:

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNIVED STATES.

The Cherokee Nation, The State of Georgia.

BILL IN CHANCERY.

VERMONT.—The population of this State is assertained to be 276,000. In 1820, 235,764-increse 40,236. A ratio of 48,000, or 50,000, will therefore entitle the Green Mountain Boys to their present number of representatives in Congress. The entire population of New-England in 1820 was 1,659,845, which entitld her to 39 representatives in the popular branch of the National Legislature. A ratio of 50,000, as the basis of representation, would deprive New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Rhode-Island, each of one member, and give one additional one to Maine; making a loss of three. A ratio of 48,000 would save all but New-Hampshire, which, counting the gain in Maine, would leave the representation Jour. Com. statu quo.

CENSUS OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE. We are indebted, says the N. H. Statesman, to the Hon. Pearson Cogswell, for the following account of the population of the different Counties in this State, and the ratio of increase in the several counties for the last ten years: Counties. 1820. 1830. Increase.

Rockingham, 40,526 44,452 Strafford, 51,414 58,916 7.501 32,743 34,619 Merrimack, Hillsborough, 35,981 37,761 1,780 26.753 27,016 Cheshire, Sullivan, 18,623 19,687 1.064 Grafton, 5.732 32,959 38,691 3,139 8,390 -Coos, 244,161 269,532 25.372

Total. Total number of White Males, 131.399 Total number of White Females, 137.511 Total number of free colored persons, Total number of white persons deaf and dumb. Total number of black persons deaf and dumb,

Total number of blind,

Foreigners not naturalized,

CENSUS OF MICHIGAN. The result of the recent census in

117

400

Michigan Territory, is as follows: City of Detrovit, 2222 County of Wayne. 4565 Monroe, 3185 Lenawe, 1491 Oakland, 4910 Macomb, 2414 St. Clair, 1114 Washtenaw. 4042 1249 Cass, 1313. St. Joseph, Michilimackinae. 877 Chippewa, 626 1409 Brown, Crawford, 692 1587 Iowa,

Total-31,698

NORWAY, TEESDAY, JAN. 18.

GEORGIA. On our first page will be found such selections, as will enable our friends fully to understand the character of the rash act of Nullification committed by the State of Georgia. We ask attention to the subject. It does seem to us (however others may view it.) that it is time Sutink, in England. It is said he has town of Oxford, on the post road from for all the friends of the Union of the States to received favorable accounts from Russia set their faces against such violent proceedings. Tassels, the unfortunate Indian victim, was executed on the 24th ult. in contempt of the authority of the Supreme Court and the Constitution of the U. States. We are much mistaken if this triumph of the sovereignty of Geor-

PROSCRIPTION.

er sense of the dangerous consequences.

The Saco Democrat in an article upon Jackson's reform says the only possible ground of ed by grass and shrubbery in the fields, complaint which the people can have, is that and by plants and flowers. The garthe work of reform hasnot taken a wider range, dens flourish for ought that I can discovand been brought to operate upon more of the coalition tools than it yet has." Will the Dem ocrat name the Office, in the gift of the President, worth holding in Maine, which has not felt the touch of reform and then tell us wherein the people are benefitted.

FIRE.

On the night of the 18th inst. the dwelling house of Jonathan Sawyer of this town, with all its contents, was destroyed by fire. The fall; about two years afterwards, he was house was a neatly finished one story building, in Loudon county, Va. and about three nearly new. Mr Sawyer is a young man, of industrious habits-the loss, although not great, (perhaps six hundred dollars) will be very severe to Mr. Sawyer.

INSURANCE.

and the sufferers are without insurance. Such Ohio, and thus relieve the anguish and neglect is not to be justified. The principle of receive the thanks of an afflicted father. insurance adopted by the Gorham mutual Insurance Company is well understood and well approved. Why will people thus neglect to secure its advantages?

C. C. PLEAS.

The January Term of the Court of Common Pleas sits at the Court house in Paris this day.

appear to be panic struck by the sudden | first sight, can comprehend its propriety, utility summerset of New Jersey. It is better and importance. The subscriber wishing to news than we dared hope for. The carry this invention into operation, proposes to Trenton Emporium (a Jacson paper) divide the expense of one boat into twenty acknowledges that, "they (the Repub- shares; and those Gentlemen in the County licans) expected to be beaten as much of Oxford who may be disposed to aid in the as we evpected to beat them." The above enterprise shall have the right of running votes for the various candidates were as boats from Portland to Boston. tollows:

Jackson. Clay. Travers, 13,910 S. Condit, 15,107 13.916 Fowler, L Condid. 15,265 Parker, 14,359 Randolph, 14,510 Wurtz, 14,254 Southard. 15,083 Mickle, 14,209 Cooper, 15,159 Jeffers, 13,087 Hughes, 15,014

Death by Freezing,-Mrs. Freelove Potter, wife of Stimpson Potter, of Kirkland, in this county, was found frozen to death in the woods near their dwelling, on the 3d. inst, The melancholy circumstances attending her death are briefly as follows-On Saturday afternoon she sent her two small children, herhusband being absent, into the woods in search of their cow. Soon after they had gone it appears she was apprehensive they had become lost, and being who built all things is God-by Doctor Nichols much frightened immediately went out in persuit of them, being very thinly clad, having disposed of some of her own clothing to bestow upon her children, and she had no covering whatever on her feet. It is supposed she got bewildered in the woods, and would have perished had that not been the case, as she broke some boughs upon which to stand. The same night Mrs. Potter left home she was heard by some of her ings &c. neighbors. A thorough search was delayed till the next Monday, when she was found a corpse about three miles! from home in a low cedar swamp.

NATURAL CURIOSITY.—One of our subscribers, Mr. Breisler of Quincy, yes- reduced prices, on a reasonable credit. terday exhibited to us in a phial of water, a living snake, which was taken about ten days since from the head of a cabbage about to be cooked in his family. At first it was thought to be a thread but being seen to move it was preserved. It is perfectly white, and though not larger round than a horse hair, is full three in lots to suit purchasers, during the irregular coil; rather sluggish in its movements, which are most active near its head and tail. Once it protruded its tongue, which was of a dark color.

Bost. Pat.

New Hampshire. - Gen. DINSMOOR has been nominated as the Jackson candidate for Governor of this State at the ensuing election. On the first ballot in the Convention, he obtained 73 votes, Levi Woobury 41, Jonathan Harvey Dinsmoor received about 130 votes, and was declared duly nominated. A National Republican Convention, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor and members of Congress is to be held at Concord on the 2d of Feb.

A question to be asked.—The peace and interest of all Europe are now de-

pendant upon the Russian cabinet .-What under these circumstances, is the state of information which our cabinet derives from its minister, Mr. Randolph receating at London, or Naples, or any where but at his post?-Albuny Eve.

Here is the answer.

Mr. Randolph. We understand that a letter has been received by a citizen! of Virginia, from this gentleman, then at Richmond Enquirer.

Favorable accounts! The President probably reads the Enquirer, and gets his information through that channel.

WINTER IN ALABAMA. A clergyman gia over the sovereignty of the Union does not in Alabama, writes to his friend in Philawaken the patriotism of the country to a prop- adelpha, under date of Dec. 2d. I am sitting in the mansion of a kind and hospitable friend, with doors wide open, affording entrance and circulation to au air mild and pleasant as spring, surrounder in all the greeness of a northern May or June.

INFORMATION WANTED.

WILLIAM G. MAYHUGH, advertizes in the Chillicothe (Ohio) Post of the 25th ult. for information respecting his son, about 25 years of age. He left Chillicothe for Philadelphia, 7 years ago last vears since his father received a letter from him dated at Eastport, in this State, WARE a complete assortment of to which place he had just then arrived -since that time nothing has been heard from him. Any one possessing information on the subject, will communicate it Fires are taking place often in this vicinity to WILLIAM G. MAYHUGH, Chillicothe,

IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT!

HE public is hereby notified that I the subscriber have found out a method to supersede the necessity of steam in boats of burden. The simplicity of this construction is, that the load which the boat contains will force it on its passage equal to the power of steam. The construction of the machinery is so sim-New Jersey. The Jackson papers ple in its power and force, that any person at

> The subscriber proposes to exhibit the above improvement at Stevens' Tavern on Paris Hill, on Wednesday and Thursday the 26th and 27th inst.-and the following week at Wm. Pingree's Store in Norway.
>
> JOHN BICKNELL.

Buckfield, Jan. 13, 1831.

N. B. No letters will be received unless Post Paid. * * Editors please to notice this.

MARRIED,

In Sumner on the 16th ult. by Rev. Mr. Haynes of Norway.Mr. Samuel Palmer to Miss Livana Robinson both of Sumner.

BUST published and for sale at BARTON'S,

Memoir of Rev. DOCTOR PAYSON, late Pastor of the Second Church in Portland. A Catechism of NATURAL THEOLOGY every house is builded by some man, but he of Portland.

The Natural History of Enthusiasm. DISCOURSES, RÉVIEWS and MISCEL-LANIES of Doctor Channing of Boston.

MEMOIR of Rev. LEVI PARSONS first Missionary to Palestine from the United States, containing sketches of his early life and education, his missionary labors in this country, in Asia Minor and Judea, with an account of his last sickness and death. 2d edition, containing two discourses in defence of missions and revivals of Religion written in Palestine and now published, with extracts from his other writ-

FOR SALE, CHEAP!!

ICHABOD BARTLETT.

Norway, Jan. 6, 1831. LOOK HERE!!

BARTON

TTAS just got a prime lot of TICKwinter. Persons who want money can now have it by sending to his Lottery Office. Try a few times and see if it is not so. Lottery draws every week. Jan. 17. 31

WANTED,

FMMEDIATELY, as an Apprentice to the Printing Business, an active Boy from 16 to 18 years of age. One who has a good education and can come well recommended will receive good encouragement.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office in Norway, Jan. 1. 1831.

Morrill Bradbury—Stephen Cummings— Benjamin Fuller—Asa Holt—Wm. Lovejoy— John Richardson 3

for WM, REED, P. M. by INCREASE ROBINSON, A. P. W. | Agent for Maine.

For Sale.

THE suboffers for sale FARM sit.

Craigie's Mills (so called) to Poland Corner-containing fifty acres of LAND with a DWELLING-HOUSE and Barn thereon-it being the farm on which Mr. Nathan Rowe now lives. Terms of sale made easy.

ICHABOD BARTLETT. Norway, Jan. 6, 1831.

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Post Office in DixFIELD, Jan. 1, 1830.

James Burgess Benjamin Pobes 3 Nathan Mayhew Samuel Frost David Gordon Giles H. Hawes Polly Hall Lois E. Hayward John C. Wyman Mary C. Leland.

Josiah Curtis Ephraim Marble Isaac Randell Ephraim Packard 2 Philander S. Wilson Charles R. Wilson Stephen Wing Barthomew Hatchinson Selectmen, Dixfield

HENRY FARWELL, P. M.

LEROY MAYHUGH, who is if now living Iron, Steel & Hardware,

THOMAS B. BROOMS NFORMS his customers in the County of

added to his large stock of HARD-

January 4, 1830.

Dutch Bolting CLOTHS,

EPT constantly for sale at the Old Stand of Jos. HARROD, CORNER OF EXCHANGE and MIDDLE-STREET, at the importers prices by

S. K. WHITMORE.

S. II. WHITHOUR I AS just opened a prime assortment of ENGLISH, FRENCH, and AMERICAN

DRT GOODS; consisting of Sup. Blk., Brown, Blue,

Olive and Mixt Broad Cloths and Cassi= meres; Lattiacts;

Flauncis; PRINTS of all colors and prices; -

Sheetings; Shirtings; Linens; Hosieгу, &с. &с.

The above will be offered at the lowest prices for cash. Portland, Dec. 22. 6w28

NEW FALL

AT THE CHEAP STORE!

WILLIAM D. LITTLE,

AS received his Fall supply of Goods consisting of every article usually found in the Piece Goods line; among which are SHAWLS, a splendid assortment of fashionable kind; Crapes; Pongees; Calicoes; Silks; Hdkfs;-Muslins; Bombazetts; Plaids; Camlets; Tickings; Sheetings; Shirtings, and Yarns. Also,

Broadcloths, Habit and Pelisse Cloths;

Cassimeres; Umbrellas, &c. The above with many other articles are offered at the lowest Cheap Store Prices.

Purchasers from the country who are desirous of purchasing Goods at low Bangor Rep. | THE subscriber will sell the remain- No. ONE, Mitchell's Buildings, Middle Street, opposite Mitchell's Hotel,

WANTED

Good all Wool and Cotton and Wool FLANNELS, (yard wide.) FULL'D CLOTH, Bule mixed, (mixed in wool.) White, Red, and Black YARN, in exchange for Goods as above.

Portland, Oct. 22, 1830. 3m21

PROVIDENCE FACTORY IF YARN,

CHIRTINGS, SHEETINGS, GING-HAMS, BEDTICKING. STRIPES, Threads, Knitting Cottons, &c. &c. together with a large assortment of Leather and Morocco

SHOES,

warranted good. ALSO-Men's and Boy's CAPS, Travel-

ling TRUNKS, PAPER HANG-INGS, &c. &c. sold wholesale and retail, by HENRY BAILEY, Exchange-Street, No. 3. Deering's Buildings,

PORTLAND.

JOURNAL OF HEALTH. DUBLISHED twice a month, \$1,- Those of our subscribers who wish to

Dec. 7,

LALAMGELLENI OF THE

MONTHLY TRAVELLER. THE Monthly (Boston) Traveller,

tity of miscellaneous reading for the price (two dollars) than any magazine in this section of the country. But the publishers, encouraged by its growing popularity and increasing circulation, are deter mined to spare no exertions to add stil more to its value, and to deserve additional support. They will therefore enlarge the second volume, which is to commence in January, without increas ing the price. Each number will then contain forty large pages, being one matter, for the trifling annual charge, than any cotemporaneous work in the Union. The original plan, hitherto so successful, will still be pursued-to cull with care the choicest flowers of learning, science, poetry, and general miscellany, from the pages of the most popular loreign and American magazines, and each month to form such a boquet, as, it is hoped, may meet the approbation of the numerous lovers of light reading.

Contents of the Number for November. Rosedale, Women of Business, Intellectual Habits, The Panther Hunter, Moral Painting, New England, The Country Bachelor, Compliments, Re-Oxford, that he has removed his place of miniscence, Autumn, The Scissors Grinbusiness from Portland to Hallowell, and has der, Order of Creation, Female Beauty, Superstition, Confessions of a Suicide, Religion, History of Paul Shack, Phre-SIELL, nology Unsupported by Science, The flat, square and round Also-Cut NAILS, Dandy, Female Education, The Souve-Window Glass, Hollow Ware, &c. &c. all nir for 1831, The Human Mind, The Dandy, Female Education, The Souveof which will be sold CHEAP at wholesale or Missionaries, Insect Transformation, I HE studious, the weakly, and The Closing of life, Elfine's Rock, Advice to Youth, Rosalia, Irish Travelling, soreness or inflammation of that deli-Varieties .- Poetry-The Broken Vow, cate organ, will be able to obtain a Unshaken Constancy, To ____, most pleasant and invaluable applica-What is Life? The Bridal, The Wife, tion, in Aspen Tree, Lines, Oh Well do I Remember, Sabbath Noon.

> CONDITIONS -1. The Monthly Traveller is published regularly on the 15th Eye, is perfectly innocent, and gives of each month, at No. 63, Court-Street, immediate relief, even in very aggra-Boston. 2. Each number contains thirty-two pages, large octavo, in handsome brevier and minion type, stitched in a printed cover. At the close of the volume, an appropriate title page and table of contents will be furnished. 3. Terms, \$2 a year in advance, or within three months from the time of subscribing;otherwise, 2,50. Nov. 16.

Mantua-Making MILLINERY.

MRS. H. W. GOODNOW ENDERS her most sincere thanks to he. friends and the public for their former patronage, and will assure them that no exertion on her part shall be wanting to oblige those who may favour her with their FUTURE custom.

IT She has received the LATEST and most approved Fashions for Ladies' Pelisses, Habits; Cloaks and Dresses of all kinds; and has for sale and will keep constantly on hand a fine as

Bouncts, Woods, Calashes, Caps, Turbans. &c. &c.

Also-for sale as above, a good assortment of BAND BOXES.

Norway Village, Nov. 15.

SEEDS FOR COUNTRY DEALERS.

RADERS in the country who may wish to keep an assortment of Garden Seeds for sale, are informed they can be furnished, at J.B. Russel's Seed Store, connected with the New England Farmer, 52 North Market Street, Boston, with boxes of various sizes and prices, from 10 to \$50, containing a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of the seeds mostly used in a kitchen garden, on as favorable terms as they can be procured in this country, of equal quality. neatly done up in small packages, ready for retailing, with short directious on each package for its culture and managementwarranted to be of the growth of 1830, and of the purest quality. Nov. 5

WANTED,

TMMEDIATELY, in payment for the Oxford Observer,

12,000 First rate SHINGLES; 200 Bushels WHEAT: CORN; 200

200 OATS; 100 RYE.

low, Beans, Peas, &c. &c. Jan. 1, 1831.

WOOD! WOOD!!

ANTED immediately in payment for the Oxford Observer, 50 CORDS

25 per annum or sixteen numbers pay in wood for the ensuing year, will can be had for one dollar, remitted post receive their papers at the advance price, paid to SAMUEL COLEMAN, Portland, provided they deliver it soon. Dec. 21.

Albion Corn Plaster!

HE Albion Corn Plaster softens the corn, however old and tough, I from its large, close pages, and small and extracts it to the very roots. type, has already turnished a larger quan- The relief afforded is gentle, immediate and thorough.

The Proprietor begs leaves to submit the following case, from Mr. Stowell, who is well known to the inhabitants of this city, especially at the south end, and at South Boston, as a very respectable citizen.

A CASE. Sir-I do not hesitate to give my most unqualified approbation in favor of your valuable Albion Corn Plaster. fourth more in number, and quantity of By the use of less than a box, Mrs. reading, than those of the first volume; Stowell has been cured of a corn on and turnishing a much greater amount of each foot, which had been exceeding, ly troublesome and painful for years, and I think it but justice to your invaluable preparation to add, (for the encouragement of those, who owing to repeated disappointments in the various remedies resorted to, have finally despaired of a cure,) that your Plaster cured her corns after trying other highly recommended remedies to no purpose; and what increases my confidence in the superiority of your Plaster, is the fact, that it has been used by several of my neighbors with equally good success.

SETH STOWELL, (Signed) Keeper of the Toll-house, South Boston Bridge.

Mr. T. KIDDER, Proprietor of the Conway Medicines. Boston, June 17th, 1829.

***Price 50 cents.

SORE AND INFLAMED EYES!

others, who are troubled with

DUMFRIES

SYS CHATSK.

This well established Wash for the vated cases of soreness and inflammation. Price 25 cents.

THE TOOTH ACHE!

HIS agonizing disorder is cured in its most painful stages, by one of the most simple as well as powerful remedies known in moderm practice. The

CAMBRIAN TOOTH ACHE PILLS afford instant relief, without inflicting the slightest injury on the teeth. They are applied externally to the parts affected, with the greatest ease and expedition, and generally operate as a soothing lenitive to the suffering patient. Price 50 cents a box.

DYSPEPSIA,

F most obstinate character, after having baffled the skill of the having baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, and withstood the most highly recommended medical preparation, has been checked, relieved, and cured, in a number of instances in and about this city, by using for a short time Dr. Relfe's VEGETABLE SPECIFIC, AND AN-

TIBILIOUS PILLS, in connexion, according to the directions accompanying the Specific. It is also one of the best medicines known for Sick Headache, Sickness at the Stomuch, Nausea, and Flatulences. Price of the Specific and Pills 50 cents each.

GENERAL DEPOSITE FOR PUB-LISHERS--Portland, Maine.

S. CCLMAN.

A GENT for Publishers of Books LA & Periodical Journals, throughout the Union, has made a General Deposit at Portland, Maine, from which place, quarterly and monthly journals will be sent to all parts of the State, by mail or otherwise.

Orders for Books, also for English Magazines and Newspapers, supplied with

Portland, March, 1830.

Also, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Tal- ITTHE subscriber being about to close his present business, requests all persons indebted to him, either by Note or Account, to make immediate payment. without delay.

ICHABOD BARTLETT.

Norway, Jan. 6, 1831. 30

JOURNAL OF LAW. THIS is the title of a new publicaition, issued from the office of the Journal of Health and conducted by an association of the members of the Bar. It is published semi-monthly, at \$1,50 per year, in numbers of 16 pages each.

S. COLMAN, Portland, Agent for the work Oct. 1, 1830,

ECUNTING-HOUSE ALMANA

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ing, visible.

MISCELLANY.

STORIUS AND SUNSHILLE; THE HOUSE ON THE HILL.

CONTINUED.

cess, rejoiced them, they returned to the and while they telt her burning hand and the last moments of Mrs. Arnold's life and efficacious cure for the Itch, and as powerful application for this anapartment they had slept in; their pa- throbbing pulse, the heavy eye and seemed approaching; not one word esrents were both up, and John, who had flushed cheek declared her ill indeed. found a barn full of hay, was removing the bed they had slept on.

the want of more substantial fare."

buke me for my intrusion."

"Don't say so, dear Emma, we have not be discouraged." a large house well furnished, a plenty of wood and excellent water, we have es- have to drink." Cornelia recollected Heaven, and disturb not the dying hour caped from the storm, and are all well. that in a closet in the kitchen, she had of my good lady." I said the bestower of our favors was in- observed some herbs, dry, indeed, but One of the strangers softly closed the visible. He is indeed invisible, but the as she knew the nature and virtue of door, and for a moment, excluded the ver offered to the public. It is used comforts we receive could only come every herb that grew, she felt a confi- objects within from intrusion, while agood."

mother, "and I do admire that piety these precious weeds," said she. Of In a very few but plain and serious which acknowledges that every good the one she made a ten; the other soak- words, the information was given. and perfect gift comes from heaven."

much as your mother does, but I am and presented the pleasant beverage to your master, this gentleman is an emisometimes afraid you will turn metho- her lips. With some difficulty they at nent physician and begs him to permit cist."

"Cornelia will be a laughing metho- and bathing her head, they continued dist, if she ever is one," said Emma, to watch over the uneasy slumbers into "for she has been running over this which she had fallen. Mr. Arnold indreadful old house, and exclaiming, sisted on their taking some breakfast, 'what a blessing, what a mercy,' at the and, after he had set them the example,

children, a cheerful heart cannot be a assistance. bad one, a murmuring one must be unon the table."

this Mrs. Arnold concluded to sleep the of her." few nights they remained in this desothemselves to warm this chamber, and office to her mother, and her attentive one above stairs, which they intended to cares, proved a striking contrast to the occupy the coming night.

with a volume of poems, were the only imagine or perform any thing of herself. books they brought from the vessel, and But neither joy nor sorrow can retard of suffocation, night sweats, loss of while they reperused these inestimable the flight of time, and though the day appetite, debility, swelling of the feet volumes, their hopes revived and their appeared almost endless to them all, the and ancles, raising of mucus, with faith was strengthened; still they could night seemed to add to their evils; the severe fits of coughing, more particnot but cast some fearful thoughts on oil in the lamps was exhausted, and ularly morning and evening, with a cation for Stiffness of the Joints, the companions of their voyage, for they brighter fires in the apartment became great prostration of strength and a Numbress, Spraine, Children, &c. had but little doubt that the Mary was more necessary, the cold which usually disposition to be bolstered up when exposed to this terrible storm; and follows the January thaw, now set in when they were seated round the sup- with an intensity that was a contrast to per table, Cornelia repeated that beau- the southern rain; and while Cornelia tiful paraphrase on the sixth chapter of was renewing the burdocks to her moth- gave me up as incurable; about this distant parts of the country.) Matthew.

in bed, Cornelia and Emma retired with earthquake, shook the house, and conthe fond hope of seeing fine weather in tinued to roar in a dreadful manner, and the morning. But though a great change the bright light that was diffused around was surprised at the sudden relief it had taken place, it was not a bright sun struck dismay to every heart. "It is an gave me. I continued taking the very highly, although contrary to their olent rain, accompanied by a southeast ferer, "merciful Father preserve us."

ing, of a pain in her head and limbs, Emma without one exclamation, had found relief in a few days, which to but before the close of the day she felt sunk breathless by the side of her moth- me, is a very strong proof that it was relieved, and engaged in conversation er, who did not again notice the event .- the Balsam that relieved me in the with her family. The third morning of The fire continued so long, that both first instance. their sojourn in this unknown region father and daughter thought it cruel to opened in a very different manner from endeavor to restore her. "My father," the former ones. The scenes from the cried Cornelia, "we shall all perish towindows was as superb and delightful, gether, for I fear the house must be on gloomy; a frost had followed upon the nothing, we cannot remove your mothrain and every tree was hung with a er, and we cannot leave her here, and thousand glittering icicles, that shone in one funeral pile will serve for us all."the rays of the sun and out-dazzled the "Thy will be done, oh, my Father; my most superb diamonds. As far as the mother and sister, why can I not share eye could see, the smooth surface of the your happy insensibility." snow resembled a sheet of white glass, At this dreadful moment, when the the barns, out-houses and fences were pallid face of Mrs. Arnold presented to show its value: clothed in the same shining covering .- | the hue of death, while the manly form itations, with a few cattle, but as yet the efforts of John had not ceased, he not the least appearance of a road. A asscended to the garret, examined the bright stream or river appeared to sur-chimney, and finding every thing safe, round the hill they where upon, but no returned to relieve the fears of the group

to the parlour, which John had render- sparks still illuminated the scene with-ECLIPSES.—Feb. 12, great annular ed clean; the breakfast table was set out and large pieces of burning soot fell al full to my child, the fits left her, eclipse of the Sun, 11h 50m morn. vis. - and a fine fire blazed upon the newly in different places, yet the roaring was and she has been in perfect health Feb. 25, Moon, inv.—Aug. 7, Sun, inv. washed hearth; the apartment now illu-still and Emma recovered her anima-ever since. -Aug. 23, of the Moon, 4h 12m mozn- minated by the bright sun, looked not tion. Not so Mrs. Arnold; her eyes only comfortable, but cheerful. As their were fixed and glazed, her feet and parents had not risen, they sat down to hands were cold; and a clammy sweat HE great and merited reputaread or converse at intervals, loath to stood upon her forehead. These hardisturb their morning repose. Half an bingers of death seemed fast following hour had elasped, when their father each other, still the indefatigable Corjoined them with a sad countenance, to nelia was endeavoring by friction to resay his wife had passed a very restless call the life, which she began to fear had night, and was in pain. The anxious forsaken her forever. Several hours After this walk which had by its suc- girls went immediately to her bedside, had passed in this state of dispondency

"My dear girls," said she, "I believe supporting the head of his wife upon easy: requires no change of dress by this esteemed Ointment. It conthis will be the end of my earthly pil- his arm and trying to feel her pulse with or bed clothes—gives additional fresh- tains no Mercury, or other noxious in-"Good morning, my dear girls," said grimage. The hardships of that dread- his other hand, when the trampling of ness and beauty to the skin, is free gredient, and may be confidently aptheir father, "I am glad to find you have ful journey and the excessive cold, com- horses and the jingling of bells sverc not lost your smiles or roses, and hope bined with my anxiety, produced a fe- heard, and several strangers entered you are prepared to stand an embargo ver, which I feel rapidly increasing, and without ceremony the apartment in of a week or ten days, and have laid in in this desolate place, without a nurse, which John was standing, resting his a sufficient quantity of hope to supply without a physician, and without medi- head on the mantle piece and sharing cine, I must die." "My dear mother," the sorrows he could not alleviate. "It appears to me," said Cornelia, cried Cornelia, "do not say so, let us The fixed posture of John, the large as if I was in a fairy castle, where trust in Him who made us, and be re- blazing fires which shone in both apartwarmth and comforts supplied by invisi- signed to his decrees; indeed you shall ments, and the absolute silence that reign- pear, which they will generally do ble hands; at every door I open, I ex- not need nursing and good nursing too. ed, seemed to arrest the progress of the after two or three applications. One pect to see the dwarf or fairy rise to re- Emma and I will nurse you and prescribe intruders. They stepped cautiously forfor you; our father will watch by and as- ward; the door of the sick room was a chlid .- Price, twenty five cents a box. "For my part," cried Emma, "I see sist us, and though we have neither open and the deathly face of Mrs. Arnot a single thing to cheer or comfort medicine nor physician, I believe you nold raised by her husband's arm, reflec-

"I am thirsty, my dear, what can I what they may, stop, in the name of from Him, who is the giver of every dence in her own skill and soon found nother held out his hand to the faithful matism, for strains, bruises and swelbalm and burdocks in great quantities .- domestic and requested to be informed lings: for asthma, for hooping cough: You are gight, my dear," said her "Blessed be the hand that preserved what had occasioned the present scene.

sight of many things that make me cry." he went out to discover if there was a-"Better laugh, than cry, my dear ny possibility of sending for medicial

He soon returned with a countenance grateful, bet us he thankful for a good of despair, saying "a slight crust had house, a warm fire, for all our healths formed over the snow, which only covand the good breaklast John is placing ered vast quantities of water, and that neither horse or man could advance proprietors possess in favor of the After the morning meal was cleared twenty rods from the house. With reaway, John, with the consent of his spect to ourselves, the scanty morsel we master, made up a fire in the kitchen. - have must be eked out till the snow be-They found that a very decept lodging comes harder; but for your mother, my room opened from the parlour, and in children, God knows what will become

The cheering consolation of Cornelia, late place. The young ladies busied her perfect readiness in performing any tender Emma, who could only wring In this way the day passed off; they her hands, walk the floor, and weep like all declared they would only have two a child; she followed the directions of meals, instead of three, till there was a Cornelia, and obeyed her as implicitly prospect of some supply, or change of as ever lisping infancy did a judicious place. A small bible and prayer book, and tender mother, but she could not

er's feet, and Emma was bathing her After seeing their parents comfortably ashy temples, a sudden noise like an

wind, that now succeded the snow storm. "Be quiet, my dear," said Mr. Ar-Emma declared she should never see nold, "the chimney is on fire, but it is consumptive complaints. About the any thing again, but strorms and pork so calm and the house is covered with steaks, as long as she lived, while Cor- ice and snow, that no danger can ensue nelia only wished that the latter might from it;" but the paleness of his face last as long as the unpleasant weather did. and the trembling limbs of Cornelia, be-Mrs. Arnold complained in the morn- trayed the real terrors of both their hearts. procured a bottle of the balsam and

bridge was seen to unite it to the oppo- within. Not a word was uttered by a ny of them, perfect silence reigned till

will get through this fever if you will ted the glare of the fire—they advanced. "Stop!" said John, "let your rights be

ed in hot water and then saturated in "You shall not be disturbed, but as-"I admire your piety, my dear, as brandy, she applied to her mother's feet, sisted," said one of the gentlemen, "tell Hength conveyed warmth to her limbs, his advice."

Vegetable Pulmonary BALSAM:

ASA BARTON.

The most valuable remedy discovered for Consumptions, Asthma, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood, Hooping Coughs, and Pulmonary Affections of every kind. T is impossible to present the pub-

lic with all the evidence which the highly salutary operation of this BAL-SAM, as certificates of its happy effects are continually received. A few however will be given for the satisfaction of those who may be troubled with the complaints for which this balsam is offered as a remedy.

NEW CERTIFICATES.

Certificate of Gen. Blanchard. I was, about the 1st of May, 1828, troubled with the following distressing the back and left side, tightness across the chest, difficulty of breath- years standing. ing, tickling in the throat with a sense in bed-about the 20th of August I was reduced so low that my friends time I heard of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, and after much solicitation, was induced to make a trial -(all other remedies had failed,) and and do most cheerfully recommend it to all those who may be troubled with 10th of Feb. last I took a violent cold which brought on similar symptoms as above described. I immediately

REUBEN BLANCHARD. Peacham, March 4, 1829.

BROWN'S DROPS FOR FITS. as the preceding had been cheerless and fire." If it is, my dear child, we can do THIS valuable Medicine has been used in several instances with success for the cure of Fits .- Numerous Certificates of its efficacy have been received from persons of the first respectability.—The following from John Whipple, Esq. is sufficient

I John Whipple, of Hooksett, cer-With a small telescope the young ladies of her husband was fixed in agony, and tify and say, that my child was attackcould discover at a distance, small hab- the fortitude of Cornelia was vanishing, ed with fits in a very dangerous degree. Medical aid seemed to have had little or no effect. I applied to Mr. Brown, and he gave me a phial of his Drops, which I gave to my child as directed by said Brown; and With this intelligence they desended the blaze ceased, and though a thousand have no doubt they were of much service. After administering one phi-JOHN WHIPPLE.

> IMPERIAL ITCH OINTMENT. L tion this elegant Ointment has

acquired in places where its active and salutary properties have been tested by the most uniform and exten- encourages the Proprietor to recomded success, affords ample and con- mend it with renewed confidence to clusive proof of its being a mild, cheap the public, as a most innocent as well other unpleasant and irritating erup- noying disease. The most inveterate caped either of them. Mr. Arnold was tions of the skin,—Its application is cases have been cured in one Hour! from disagreeable smell, and may be plied even to the youngest children. used with perfect safety by the most or to pregnant females. Price 37 1-2 delicate constitutions.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING .- Apply such readily absorb, and repeat it at disferent times until the pimples disapbox cures a grown person, less cures

JOHNSON'S AMERICAN ANODYNE LINAMENT,

OR, LIQUID OPODELDOC.

UPERIOR in strength and medi-cal virtues to any of the kind ewith the most happy effects for Rheufor pains and soreness in the stomach and sides: for pains and itching in he ears, &c. &c.

It is a certain cure for sore lips, toothache and CHILBLAINS.

***In consequence of the unprece-[To be Continued.] Idented demand for this Opodeldoc the publisher, IFPOST PAID. CT

the price has been reduced to 37 1-2 cents each.

All of the above together with most For sale Wholesale and Retail by medicines wanted by families, are constantly on hand and for sale by

ASA BARTON, Agent. Norway, Aug. 16, 1830. 1amly

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O'DR. JEBB'S Rheumatic Liniment!

will afford immediate relief to the patient, and has sometimes been attended with such extraordinary success as symptoms: Faintness, pain through to cure the most distressing Rhaumatism in twenty-four hours, even when of

> This highly valuable Liniment is recommended with a confidence founded on the experience of many years, not only as a cure for that excruciat-

> (This article is considered so superior to every thing else, and to possess such uncommon virtues, that it is ordered from

An agent recently writes: "Please send me a further supply of Jebb's Liniment the first opportunity-I shall probably sell a considerable quantity, as it is recommended by some of our physicians and clear sky, as they wished, but a vi- earthquake," faintly exclaimed the suf- balsam until my health was restored, rules and regulations to give encouragement to such (or, patent) medicines." But it is a most decided proof of their confidence in its invaluable properties.

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The painful and debilitating complaint of THE PILES.

receives immediate relief, and in numerous instances has been thoroughly cured, by the administration of

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HIS approved compound also mitigates and removes the symptoms which frequently accompany that disorder, and increase the danger of the patient, viz: pains in Loins -Headache-loss of appetite-Indigestion, and other marks of debility.

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